

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	889	536/53	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:17
L2	180	l1 and glycolipid	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:44
L3	179	l2 and (separat\$ or extract\$ or isolat\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:44
L4	118	l3 and membrane	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:03
L5	116	l4 and (water or chloroform or methanol or pyridine)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:45
L6	1	l3 and (semipermeable ADJ membrane)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:44
L7	5618	glycolipid	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:44
L8	4656	l7 and (separat\$ or extract\$ or isolat\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 09:44
L9	30	l8 and (semipermeable ADJ membrane)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:03
L10	29	l9 and (water or chloroform or methanol or pyridine)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:08
L11	1261	l8 and dialys\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:02
L12	1157	l11 and membrane	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:03

L13	11	l11 and (semipermeable ADJ membrane)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:09
L14	1105	l12 and (water or chloroform or methanol or pyridine)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:08
L15	597	l11 and (isotonic or osmo\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/14 10:10

CODEN: RIKAA; ISSN: 0370-5633

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB Changes of glycolipids in the brain after formalin fixation were examined. Quantity of lipids in the brain decreased rapidly after formalin fixation. Glycolipids decreased to 50% 24 h after fixation, and to 10% after 4 mo. after fixation. Fatty acid composition of glycolipids showed a change characterized by both a diminution of long-chain fatty acids (C:23-27) 4 mo after fixation, and its change was more markedly noted in normal fatty acids than hydroxy fatty acids.

=> dis hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:25:23 ON 14 NOV 2005)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:25:33 ON 14 NOV 2005

L1	148 S	ISHIKAWA TAKAHIRO/AU
L2	2 S	L1 AND GLYCOLIPID
L3	889 S	YAMAGUCHI AKIRA/AU
L4	3 S	L3 AND GLYCOLIPID
L5	75 S	SUZUKI KYOKO/AU
L6	0 S	L5 AND (GLYCOLIPID (W) SEPARA?)
L7	4 S	L5 AND GLYCOLIPID

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of CAPLUS documents for use in third-party analysis and
visualization tools
NEWS 13 OCT 27 Free KWIC format extended in full-text databases
NEWS 14 OCT 27 DIOGENES content streamlined
NEWS 15 OCT 27 EPFULL enhanced with additional content

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MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 13 JUNE 2005

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 13 Nov 2005 (20051113/ED)

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=> s Ishikawa Takahiro/AU
L1 148 ISHIKAWA TAKAHIRO/AU

=> s l1 and glycolipid
8850 GLYCOLIPID
12685 GLYCOLIPIDS
15800 GLYCOLIPID
(GLYCOLIPID OR GLYCOLIPIDS)
L2 2 L1 AND GLYCOLIPID

=> dis l2 1-2 bib abs

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 2004:631770 CAPLUS
DN 141:156386
TI Manufacture of **glycolipids** from coffee beans, and functional foods containing them
IN Ishikawa, Takahiro; Yamaguchi, Akira
PA Brooks Holdings K. K., Japan; Glyco Lipid Laboratory K. K.
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004217606	A2	20040805	JP 2003-10180	20030117
PRAI	JP 2003-10180		20030117		
AB	Glycolipids are manufactured by extraction from coffee beans using organic solvents. An EtOH extract of coffee bean powder was evaporated, mixed with H2O, centrifuged, and dried to give white powder containing glycolipids .				

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 2003:335114 CAPLUS
DN 138:334037
TI Method for separating **glycolipids** with mixture solvent
IN Ishikawa, Takahiro; Yamaguchi, Akira; Suzuki, Kyoko; Katsuyama, Kayoko
PA Japan
SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003035658	A1	20030501	WO 2001-JP11281	20011221
	W: AU, CA, CN, IN, KR, RU, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				

JP 2003129083	A2	20030508	JP 2001-321157	20011018
US 2005119475	A1	20050602	US 2004-825210	20040416
PRAI JP 2001-321157	A	20011018		
WO 2001-JP11281	A	20011221		

AB A method for separating **glycolipids** (especially, gangliosides) is provided, with which a large number of samples are conveniently and economically treated, and many types of **glycolipids** are recovered with high yield. The method comprises: (a) a step for performing the hydrolysis treatment of the extract obtained by extracting a biol. sample (e.g., animal/plant cell, tissue, microorganism) with a mixture liquid of nonpolar solvents (e.g., chloroform, pyridine) and polar solvents (e.g., water, methanol), and bringing the sample solution obtained into a contact with a solution having the osmotic pressure lower than the sample solution via a semipermeable membrane; and (b) a step for continuing the contact until the sample solution is separated into two or three layers, and isolating the intermediate layer and/or the lower layer.

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s Yamaguchi Akira/AU
L3 889 YAMAGUCHI AKIRA/AU

=> s l3 and glycolipid
8850 GLYCOLIPID
12685 GLYCOLIPIDS
15800 GLYCOLIPID
(GLYCOLIPID OR GLYCOLIPIDS)
L4 3 L3 AND GLYCOLIPID

=> dis l4 1-4 bib abs

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DN 141:156386
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PT, SE, TR

JP 2003129083	A2	20030508	JP 2001-321157	20011018
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PRAI JP 2001-321157	A	20011018		
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RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:273751 CAPLUS

DN 139:358457

TI Plasmid-based gene transfer ameliorates visceral storage in a mouse model of Sandhoff disease

AU Yamaguchi, Akira; Katsuyama, Kayoko; Suzuki, Kyoko; Kosaka, Kenji; Aoki, Ichiro; Yamanaka, Shoji

CS School of Medicine, Yokohama City University, Yokohama, 236-0004, Japan

SO Journal of Molecular Medicine (Heidelberg, Germany) (2003), 81(3), 185-193
CODEN: JMLME8; ISSN: 0946-2716

PB Springer-Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sandhoff disease is a severe neurodegenerative disorder with visceral involvement caused by mutations in the HEXB gene coding for the β subunit of the lysosomal hexosaminidases A and B. HEXB mutations result in the accumulation of undegraded substrates such as GM2 and GA2 in lysosomes. We evaluated the efficacy of cationic liposome-mediated plasmid gene therapy using the Sandhoff disease mouse, an animal model of a human lysosomal storage disease. The mice received a single i.v. injection of two plasmids, encoding the human α and β subunits of hexosaminidase cDNAs. As a result, 10-35% of normal levels of hexosaminidase expression, theor. therapeutic levels, were achieved in most visceral organs, but not in the brain, 3 days after injection with decreased levels by day 7. Histochem. staining confirmed widespread enzyme activity in visceral organs. Both GA2 and GM2 were reduced by almost 10% and 50%, resp., on day 3, and by 60% and 70% on day 7 compared with untreated age-matched Sandhoff disease mice. Consistent with the biochem. results, a reduction in GM2 was observed in liver cells histol. as well. These initial findings support further development of the plasmid gene therapy against lysosomal diseases with visceral pathol.

RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s Suzuki Kyoko/AU

L5 75 SUZUKI KYOKO/AU

=> s 15 and (glycolipid(w)separa?)

8850 GLYCOLIPID

12685 GLYCOLIPIDS

15800 GLYCOLIPID

(GLYCOLIPID OR GLYCOLIPIDS)

352140 SEPARA?

274231 SEP

12584 SEPS

285623 SEP

(SEP OR SEPS)

446569 SEPD

1 SEPDS
 446570 SEPD
 (SEPD OR SEPDS)
 92051 SEPG
 1 SEPGS
 92052 SEPG
 (SEPG OR SEPGS)
 555979 SEPN
 36038 SEPNS
 574211 SEPN
 (SEPN OR SEPNS)
 1378550 SEPARA?
 (SEPARA? OR SEP OR SEPD OR SEPG OR SEPN)
 68 GLYCOLIPID(W) SEPARA?
 0 L5 AND (GLYCOLIPID(W) SEPARA?)

L6

=> s 15 and glycolipid
 8850 GLYCOLIPID
 12685 GLYCOLIPIDS
 15800 GLYCOLIPID
 (GLYCOLIPID OR GLYCOLIPIDS)

L7 4 L5 AND GLYCOLIPID

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 DN 138:334037
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 SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
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L7 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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 DN 139:358457
 TI Plasmid-based gene transfer ameliorates visceral storage in a mouse model of Sandhoff disease
 AU Yamaguchi, Akira; Katsuyama, Kayoko; Suzuki, Kyoko; Kosaka, Kenji; Aoki, Ichiro; Yamanaka, Shoji

CS School of Medicine, Yokohama City University, Yokohama, 236-0004, Japan
 SO Journal of Molecular Medicine (Heidelberg, Germany) (2003), 81(3), 185-193
 CODEN: JMLME8; ISSN: 0946-2716
 PB Springer-Verlag
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Sandhoff disease is a severe neurodegenerative disorder with visceral involvement caused by mutations in the HEXB gene coding for the β subunit of the lysosomal hexosaminidases A and B. HEXB mutations result in the accumulation of undegraded substrates such as GM2 and GA2 in lysosomes. We evaluated the efficacy of cationic liposome-mediated plasmid gene therapy using the Sandhoff disease mouse, an animal model of a human lysosomal storage disease. The mice received a single i.v. injection of two plasmids, encoding the human α and β subunits of hexosaminidase cDNAs. As a result, 10-35% of normal levels of hexosaminidase expression, theor. therapeutic levels, were achieved in most visceral organs, but not in the brain, 3 days after injection with decreased levels by day 7. Histochem. staining confirmed widespread enzyme activity in visceral organs. Both GA2 and GM2 were reduced by almost 10% and 50%, resp., on day 3, and by 60% and 70% on day 7 compared with untreated age-matched Sandhoff disease mice. Consistent with the biochem. results, a reduction in GM2 was observed in liver cells histol. as well. These initial findings support further development of the plasmid gene therapy against lysosomal diseases with visceral pathol.

RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1991:119653 CAPLUS
 DN 114:119653
 TI Biochemical analysis of cerebral leukoencephalopathy, with special reference to Nasu-Hakola's disease and atypical leukodystrophy
 AU Suzuki, Kyoko
 CS Sch. Med., Yokohama City Univ., Yokohama, 232, Japan
 SO Yokohama Igaku (1990), 41(2), 163-72
 CODEN: YKIGAK; ISSN: 0372-7726
 DT Journal
 LA Japanese
 AB Changes of **glycolipids** were studied in 10 cases of cerebral leukoencephalopathy mainly consisting of Nasu-Hakola diseases and atypical leukodystrophies. In the demyelinated lesions, change was noticed in lipid, protein, and ganglioside, and fatty acid composition of **glycolipids**. Four stages were noticed in changes of the **glycolipids** in the demyelinated cerebral white matter. Stage 1: no change was noticed in the component of the **glycolipids** (norm. cerebroside:hydroxycerebroside:sulfatide, 1:1:1), in spite of a decrease of the total lipid content. Stage 2: decrease in the norm. cerebroside content was noticed (0.5:1:1). Stage 3: decrease in both norm. cerebroside and sulfatide (0.5:1:0.2) was noticed. Stage 4: hydroxycerebroside content was decreased resulting in complete loss of the **glycolipid** (0.1:0.1:trace). The content of the long chain fatty acids was significantly decreased in the cerebral cortex in the patients with leukoencephalopathies. Myelin degeneration in the cerebral white matter was divided into 2 types. In myelin-palor type, changes of the composition of the fatty acid were slight in spite of a marked decrease of the total **glycolipid** content in stage 4. Marked fibrillary gliosis was noted in the white matter in this type. In myelin-clastic type, very long chain fatty acid content was significantly decreased. Less fibrillary gliosis was seen in such a type.

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1991:38619 CAPLUS
 DN 114:38619
 TI Changes of **glycolipids** in the human brain after formalin fixation
 AU Suzuki, Kyoko; Yokoi, Susumu; Yamada, Yoshiteru; Arai, Nobutaka; Matsushita, Masaaki
 CS Sch. Med., Yokohama City Univ., Yokohama, 236, Japan
 SO Rinsho Kagaku (Nippon Rinsho Kagakkai) (1990), 19(2), 131-5